

Package ‘sicher’

March 31, 2026

Type Package

Title Runtime Type Checking

Version 0.1.0

Description Provides a lightweight runtime type system for 'R' that enables developers to declare and enforce variable types during execution. Inspired by 'TypeScript', the package introduces intuitive syntax for annotating variables and validating data structures, helping catch type-related errors early and making 'R' code more robust and easier to maintain.

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Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://github.com/feddelegrand7/sicher>

BugReports <https://github.com/feddelegrand7/sicher/issues>

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Imports glue (>= 1.8.0)

Suggests testthat

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2026-03-31 10:00:02 UTC

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Any

Built-in Any Type

Description

A type that accepts any value.

Usage

Any

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|------|------------------------------|
| Bool | <i>Built-in Boolean Type</i> |
|------|------------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for logical vectors.

Usage

Bool

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <code>check_type</code> | <i>Type Checking Function</i> |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|

Description

Validates that a value conforms to a specified type. This is the core validation function used internally by the type system, but can also be called directly for manual type checking.

Usage

```
check_type(value, type, context = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <code>value</code> | The value to check |
| <code>type</code> | A <code>sicher_type</code> , <code>sicher_union</code> , or <code>sicher_readonly</code> object |
| <code>context</code> | Optional character string describing where the check is occurring (used in error messages) |

Details

This function:

- Checks if a value matches a type specification
- Handles union types (checks if value matches any type in the union)
- Handles readonly types (strips the readonly modifier before checking)
- Provides detailed error messages when checks fail

Value

Returns 'TRUE' invisibly if the value matches the type, otherwise throws an error with a descriptive message.

See Also

[create_type](#) for creating custom types

Examples

```
# Direct type checking
check_type(5L, Integer) # Returns TRUE
try(check_type("hello", Integer)) # Throws error

# With context for better error messages
try(check_type(5L, String, context = "user_name"))

# With union types
check_type(5L, Integer | String) # Returns TRUE
try(check_type(5.5, Integer | String)) # Throws error
```

create_dataframe_type *Create a Data Frame Type with Column Specification*

Description

Builds a type that validates a data frame's column names and their types. Each column is treated as a vector and checked against the provided `sicher_type` (or union) specification. Optional columns may be declared with 'Optional'.

Usage

```
create_dataframe_type(col_spec)
```

Arguments

`col_spec` A named list where names are column names and values are `sicher_type` or `sicher_union` objects describing the expected column type.

Value

A `sicher_type` representing the data frame schema.

Examples

```
PersonDF <- create_dataframe_type(list(
  name = String,
  age = Numeric,
  height = Optional(Numeric)
))

df %:> PersonDF %<-> data.frame(
  name = c("Alice", "Bob"),
  age = c(25, 30)
)
```

| | |
|------------------|---|
| create_list_type | <i>Create a List Type with Specific Structure</i> |
|------------------|---|

Description

Creates a type that checks for lists with specific named elements and their types. Similar to object types in TypeScript/JavaScript.

Usage

```
create_list_type(type_spec)
```

Arguments

type_spec A named list where names are field names and values are `sicher_type` objects

Value

A `sicher_type` that validates list structure

Examples

```
# Define a User type
User <- create_list_type(list(
  name = String,
  age = Numeric,
  preferences = create_list_type(list(
    color = String,
    movie = String
  ))
))

# Use it
user %:> User %<-> list(
  name = "Alice",
  age = 25,
```

```

    preferences = list(color = "red", movie = "batman")
)

```

create_type

Create a Custom Type

Description

Creates a new type object for use in the type checking system. A type consists of a name (for error messages) and a checker function (for validation).

Usage

```
create_type(name, checker)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|---|
| name | A single character string representing the type name. This name will be displayed in error messages when type checking fails. |
| checker | A function that takes a single argument and returns 'TRUE' if the value matches the type, 'FALSE' otherwise. The checker function should be a predicate (e.g., 'is.numeric', 'is.character'). |

Details

This is the fundamental building block of the type system. Built-in types like 'Integer', 'Double', and 'String' are all created using this function.

The checker function should:

- Accept a single argument (the value to check)
- Return 'TRUE' if the value is valid for this type
- Return 'FALSE' if the value is invalid
- Not throw errors (error handling is done by 'check_type')

Value

An object of class "sicher_type" containing:

name The type name as a character string

check The checker function

See Also

[check_type](#) for type validation, [Scalar](#) for creating scalar type variants, [Readonly](#) for creating readonly type variants

Examples

```

# Create a custom positive number
Positive <- create_type("positive", function(x) {
  is.numeric(x) && all(x > 0)
})

# Use it in type annotations
age %:% Positive %<-% 25
try(age <- -5) # Error: Type error

# Create a custom email type
Email <- create_type("email", function(x) {
  is.character(x) &&
  length(x) == 1 &&
  grepl("^[^@]+@[^@]+\\.\\.\\.^[^@]+$", x)
})

user_email %:% Email %<-% "user@example.com"

# Create a type for even integers
EvenInt <- create_type("even_int", function(x) {
  is.integer(x) && all(x %% 2 == 0)
})

value %:% EvenInt %<-% 4L
try(value <- 5L) # Error: Type error

# Create a type that checks data frame structure
PersonDF <- create_type("person_df", function(x) {
  is.data.frame(x) &&
  all(c("name", "age") %in% names(x)) &&
  is.character(x$name) &&
  is.numeric(x$age)
})

```

 DataFrame

Built-in DataFrame Type

Description

A type that checks for data.frame objects.

Usage

```
DataFrame
```

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

Double

Built-in Double Type

Description

A type that checks for double-precision numeric vectors.

Usage

Double

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

Enum

Enum Type Factory

Description

Creates an enumeration type using regular function call syntax. The resulting type only accepts atomic vectors whose elements all belong to the declared set of allowed values.

Usage

`Enum(...)`

Arguments

`...` Allowed scalar values or a single atomic vector of allowed values.

Value

A new `sicher_type` that checks all values belong to the enum.

Examples

```
status %:> Enum(1, 2, 3) %<-% 2
colors %:> Enum("red", "green", "blue") %<-% c("red", "blue")
try(colors <- c("yellow", "red"))
```

| | |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| Function | <i>Built-in Function Type</i> |
|----------|-------------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for function objects.

Usage

Function

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <code>infer_type</code> | <i>Infer a Type from an R Object</i> |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|

Description

Infers the most appropriate `sicher` type constructor for a given R object. By default, inference focuses on the underlying type and does not lock in the observed length of vectors. Set `'strict = TRUE'` to also infer scalar and fixed-size vector constraints from the example value.

Usage

```
infer_type(obj, strict = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>obj</code> | Any R object (primitive, vector, list, data.frame, function, etc.) |
| <code>strict</code> | Logical scalar. When <code>'FALSE'</code> (default), infer only the base type shape, such as <code>'Numeric'</code> , <code>'String'</code> , <code>'ListOf(Integer)'</code> , or a <code>'create_dataframe_type()'</code> schema without fixed lengths. When <code>'TRUE'</code> , also infer <code>'Scalar()'</code> and <code>'[n]'</code> size constraints from the observed object. |

Value

A `sicher_type` object (e.g., `Numeric`, `String`, `create_list_type(...)`, `ListOf(...)`, etc.)

Examples

```

infer_type(42L)           # Integer
infer_type(3.14)         # Double
infer_type(c(1, 2, 3))   # Double or Numeric, no length constraint
infer_type("abc")        # String
infer_type(c("a", "b")) # String
infer_type(TRUE)         # Bool
infer_type(NULL)         # Null
infer_type(function(x) x + 1) # Function
infer_type(list(a = 1, b = "x")) # create_list_type(list(a = Double, b = String))
infer_type(list(1, 2, 3))   # ListOf(Double)
infer_type(data.frame(x = 1:3)) # create_dataframe_type(list(x = Integer))
infer_type(list(a = NULL, b = 1)) # create_list_type(list(a = Optional(Any), b = Double))

# Strict mode keeps observed length constraints
infer_type(42L, strict = TRUE) # Scalar(Integer)
infer_type(c("a", "b"), strict = TRUE) # String[2]

```

| | |
|---------|------------------------------|
| Integer | <i>Built-in Integer Type</i> |
|---------|------------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for integer vectors.

Usage

Integer

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|------|---------------------------|
| List | <i>Built-in List Type</i> |
|------|---------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for list objects.

Usage

List

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| ListOf | <i>Create a homogeneous list type</i> |
|--------|---------------------------------------|

Description

Produces a type that validates a list whose every element satisfies the provided element type. This is useful when you expect a list of similar records (e.g. parsed JSON array). You can further constrain the length with the size operator: `'ListOf(User)[10]'`.

Usage

```
ListOf(element_type)
```

Arguments

`element_type` A `sicher_type` or `sicher_union` describing each element.

Value

A `sicher_type` that checks the value is a list and that all elements conform to `'element_type'`.

Examples

```
# Define an inner record type
Record <- create_list_type(list(id = Numeric, name = String))

# Now require a list of records
Records <- ListOf(Record)
records %:% Records %<-% list(
  list(id = 1, name = "a"),
  list(id = 2, name = "b")
)

# fixed-size list of ten records
TenRecs <- Records[10]
# will throw if length != 10
```

| | |
|------|---------------------------|
| Null | <i>Built-in Null Type</i> |
|------|---------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for NULL values.

Usage

```
Null
```

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|---------|------------------------------|
| Numeric | <i>Built-in Numeric Type</i> |
|---------|------------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for numeric vectors (integer or double).

Usage

Numeric

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|----------|---|
| Optional | <i>Create an optional (nullable) type variant</i> |
|----------|---|

Description

Creates a type that accepts NULL values in addition to the base type.

Usage

`Optional(type)`

Arguments

`type` A `sicher_type` object

Value

A union type that includes Null

Examples

```
middle_name %:> Optional(String) %<-% NULL
middle_name <- "Marie" # Also OK
```

`print.sicher_type` *Print method for sicher_type*

Description

Print method for `sicher_type`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sicher_type'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` A `sicher_type` object
`...` Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

Invisibly returns the input object

`print.sicher_typed_annotation`
 Print method for sicher_typed_annotation

Description

Print method for `sicher_typed_annotation`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sicher_typed_annotation'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` A `sicher_typed_annotation` object
`...` Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

Invisibly returns the input object

```
print.sicher_typed_function  
    Print method for sicher_typed_function
```

Description

Print method for `sicher_typed_function`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sicher_typed_function'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | A <code>sicher_typed_function</code> object |
| <code>...</code> | Additional arguments (ignored) |

Value

Invisibly returns the input object

```
print.sicher_union    Print method for sicher_union
```

Description

Print method for `sicher_union`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sicher_union'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code> | A <code>sicher_union</code> object |
| <code>...</code> | Additional arguments (ignored) |

Value

Invisibly returns the input object

| | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| Readonly | <i>Create a readonly type variant</i> |
|----------|---------------------------------------|

Description

Creates a type that prevents reassignment after initial value is set.

Usage

```
Readonly(type)
```

Arguments

type A `sicher_type` object

Value

A readonly type modifier

Examples

```
PI %:% Readonly(Double) %<-% 3.14159
try(PI <- 3.0) # Error: cannot reassign readonly
```

| | |
|--------|--|
| Scalar | <i>Create a scalar (length-1) type variant</i> |
|--------|--|

Description

Creates a type that only accepts single values (vectors of length 1).

Usage

```
Scalar(type)
```

Arguments

type A `sicher_type` object

Value

A new `sicher_type` that checks for length 1

Examples

```
age %:% Scalar(Integer) %<-% 30L
try(age <- c(30L, 40L)) # Error: not scalar
```

| | |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| String | <i>Built-in String Type</i> |
|--------|-----------------------------|

Description

A type that checks for character vectors.

Usage

String

Format

An object of class `sicher_type` of length 2.

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| typed_function | <i>Create a type-checked function</i> |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|

Description

Wraps a function with runtime type checking for its parameters and, optionally, its return value. This is the function counterpart to the typed variable operators (`'%:%'` / `'%<-%'`), providing a syntax analogous to typed function signatures:

```
add <- typed_function(
  function(x, y) x + y,
  params = list(x = Numeric, y = Numeric),
  .return = Numeric
)
```

Usage

```
typed_function(fn, params = list(), .return = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| <code>fn</code> | The function to wrap. Its formals are preserved in the wrapper so callers use the exact same signature. |
| <code>params</code> | A named list mapping parameter names to their types (e.g. <code>list(x = Numeric, y = String)</code>). Only listed parameters are type-checked on each call; unlisted parameters pass through unchecked. Defaults to an empty list (no parameter checking). |
| <code>.return</code> | Optional return type. When <code>NULL</code> (the default), the return value is not checked. Accepts any <code>sicher_type</code> or <code>sicher_union</code> . |

Value

A function with the same formals as `fn` and S3 class `"sicher_typed_function"` that:

- Validates each listed parameter on every call.
- Validates the return value when `.return` is specified.
- Delegates all argument passing to `fn` unchanged.

Examples

```
# Basic typed function
add <- typed_function(
  function(x, y) x + y,
  params = list(x = Numeric, y = Numeric),
  .return = Numeric
)
add(1, 2)      # Returns 3
try(add("a", 2)) # Error: Type error in 'x': Expected numeric, got string

# Optional parameter
greet <- typed_function(
  function(name, title = NULL) {
    if (is.null(title)) paste("Hello,", name)
    else paste("Hello,", title, name)
  },
  params = list(name = String, title = Optional(String))
)
greet("Alice")           # "Hello, Alice"
greet("Alice", title = "Dr.") # "Hello, Dr. Alice"
try(greet("Alice", title = 42)) # Error: Type error in 'title'

# Union type in params
describe <- typed_function(
  function(id) paste("ID:", id),
  params = list(id = String | Numeric),
  .return = String
)
describe("abc") # "ID: abc"
describe(123)  # "ID: 123"
try(describe(TRUE)) # Error: Type error in 'id'
```

union-operator

Union Type Operator

Description

S3 methods for the `'|'` operator to create union types.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sicher_type'
type1 | type2

## S3 method for class 'sicher_union'
type1 | type2
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| type1 | First type (sicher_type or sicher_union object) |
| type2 | Second type (sicher_type or sicher_union object) |

Value

A union type (sicher_union object)

| | |
|---------------|---|
| [.sicher_type | <i>Vector Size Operator for sicher_type</i> |
|---------------|---|

Description

Creates a type that checks for a specific vector length.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sicher_type'
type[size]
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|--|
| type | A sicher_type object |
| size | The required length (non-negative integer) |

Value

A new sicher_type that checks for the specified length

Examples

```
vec %:% Numeric[3] %<-% c(1, 2, 3)
try(vec <- c(1, 2)) # Error: wrong length
try(vec <- c("a", "b", "c")) # Error: wrong type
```

::: *Type annotation operator*

Description

Creates a typed variable annotation used together with ‘%-%’.

Usage

name :: type

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| name | Variable name (unevaluated). |
| type | Type specification (e.g., Integer, String, Double). |

Value

A typed annotation object.

Examples

```
x :: Integer %<-% 5L
name :: String %<-% "Alice"
id :: (Integer | String) %<-% 42L
```

%-% *Type-checked assignment operator*

Description

Completes the typed assignment started with ‘::’.

Usage

typed_annotation %<-% value

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| typed_annotation | Result of ‘::’. |
| value | Value to assign. |

Value

Invisibly returns the assigned value.

Examples

```
x :% Integer %<-% 5L
y :% Double %<-% 3.14
name :% String %<-% "Bob"
flag :% Bool %<-% TRUE
```

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