

Package ‘powerbrmsINLA’

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Title Bayesian Power Analysis Using 'brms' and 'INLA'

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Description Provides tools for Bayesian power analysis and assurance calculations using the statistical frameworks of 'brms' and 'INLA'. Includes simulation-based approaches, support for multiple decision rules (direction, threshold, ROPE), sequential designs, and visualisation helpers. Methods are based on Kruschke (2014, ISBN:9780124058880) ``Doing Bayesian Data Analysis: A Tutorial with R, JAGS, and Stan'', O'Hagan & Stevens (2001) <doi:10.1177/0272989X0102100307> ``Bayesian Assessment of Sample Size for Clinical Trials of Cost-Effectiveness'', Kruschke (2018) <doi:10.1177/2515245918771304> ``Rejecting or Accepting Parameter Values in Bayesian Estimation'', Rue et al. (2009) <doi:10.1111/j.1467-9868.2008.00700.x> ``Approximate Bayesian inference for latent Gaussian models by using integrated nested Laplace approximations'', and Bürkner (2017) <doi:10.18637/jss.v080.i01> ``brms: An R Package for Bayesian Multilevel Models using Stan''.

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URL <https://github.com/Tony-Myers/powerbrmsINLA>

BugReports <https://github.com/Tony-Myers/powerbrmsINLA/issues>

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.plot_decision_assurance_curve_from_summary
Plot decision/assurance curve across n

Description

Plot decision/assurance curve across n

Usage

```
.plot_decision_assurance_curve_from_summary(
  x,
  y_metric = c("assurance", "power_direction", "power_threshold", "power_rope",
    "bf_hit_10"),
  target = NULL,
  effect_filter = NULL,
  first_n_label = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Engine result list (with \$summary) or a data.frame.
<code>y_metric</code>	One of "assurance", "power_direction", "power_threshold", "power_rope", "bf_hit_10".
<code>target</code>	Optional horizontal target line.
<code>effect_filter</code>	Named list for exact-match filtering (e.g., list(treatment=0.5)).
<code>first_n_label</code>	If TRUE, annotate first n reaching target.

Value

ggplot object.

`add_decision_overlay` *Add sample-size decision overlay to an assurance contour*

Description

Overlays the output of `decide_sample_size()` as a step-line on a contour plot (e.g. from `plot_power_contour()`).

Usage

```
add_decision_overlay(p, decisions, x_effect = NULL, colour = "red")
```

Arguments

<code>p</code>	A ggplot object, typically from <code>plot_power_contour()</code> .
<code>decisions</code>	A data.frame or tibble returned by <code>decide_sample_size()</code> , containing at least one effect column and <code>n_recommended</code> .
<code>x_effect</code>	Name of the effect column to use on the x-axis. If NULL, the first column that is not <code>n_recommended</code> or <code>rationale</code> is used.
<code>colour</code>	Colour for the overlay line (default "red").

Details

If the decisions contain multiple effect-grid columns, the overlay is aggregated over all effect columns except `x_effect` by taking the worst-case (maximum) recommended n at each value of `x_effect`.

Value

A ggplot object.

beta_binom_power	<i>Analytic Assurance for Beta-Binomial Designs</i>
------------------	---

Description

Computes assurance (power) using generating and audience Beta priors for a binomial count via a Beta-Binomial predictive distribution.

Usage

```
beta_binom_power(
  n,
  gen_prior_a,
  gen_prior_b,
  aud_prior_a,
  aud_prior_b,
  hdi_mass = 0.95,
  rope = NULL,
  hdi_max_width = NULL
)
```

Arguments

n	Sample size (number of trials).
gen_prior_a, gen_prior_b	Generating Beta prior parameters.
aud_prior_a, aud_prior_b	Audience Beta prior parameters.
hdi_mass	HDI mass (e.g., 0.95).
rope	Length-2 numeric vector for ROPE bounds, or NULL for max-width rule.
hdi_max_width	Positive width threshold for the HDI (used if rope=NULL).

Value

Assurance value between 0 and 1.

beta_weights_on_grid	<i>Beta-Prior Weights Over an Effect Grid</i>
----------------------	---

Description

Computes prior weights over a grid of true effect values by evaluating a Beta(mode, n) prior. If the grid is not in (0,1), it is rescaled linearly.

Usage

```
beta_weights_on_grid(effects, mode, n)
```

Arguments

effects	Numeric vector of effect values (grid).
mode	Prior mode in (0,1).
n	Prior concentration (> 2).

Value

Normalised numeric weights over the grid (sum to 1).

brms_inla_power	<i>Core Bayesian Assurance / Power Simulation (Modern, Multi-Effect Ready)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Provides Bayesian power analysis and assurance calculation using INLA (Integrated Nested Laplace Approximation) for efficient computation. Implements simulation-based power analysis for generalized linear mixed models with automatic threading optimization.

Usage

```
brms_inla_power(
  formula,
  family = gaussian(),
  family_control = NULL,
  Ntrials = NULL,
  E = NULL,
  scale = NULL,
  priors = NULL,
  data_generator = NULL,
  effect_name,
  effect_grid = 0.5,
  sample_sizes = c(50, 100, 200, 400),
  nsims = 200,
  power_threshold = 0.8,
  precision_target = NULL,
  prob_threshold = 0.95,
  effect_threshold = 0,
  credible_level = 0.95,
  rope_bounds = NULL,
  error_sd = 1,
  group_sd = 0.5,
```

```

  obs_per_group = 10,
  predictor_means = NULL,
  predictor_sds = NULL,
  seed = 123,
  inla_hyper = NULL,
  compute_bayes_factor = FALSE,
  bf_method = c("sd", "marglik"),
  bf_cutoff = 10,
  inla_num_threads = NULL,
  progress = c("auto", "text", "none"),
  family_args = list()
)

```

Arguments

formula	Model formula.
family	brms GLM family (e.g., gaussian(), binomial()).
family_control	Optional list for INLA's control.family.
Ntrials	Optional vector for binomial trials.
E	Optional vector for Poisson exposure.
scale	Optional vector scale parameter for INLA families.
priors	Optional brms::prior specification.
data_generator	Optional function(n, effect) returning a dataset.
effect_name	Character vector of fixed effect names.
effect_grid	Vector/data.frame of effect values (supports multi-effect). For single effects, use a numeric vector. For multiple effects, use a data.frame with column names matching effect_name.
sample_sizes	Vector of sample sizes.
nsims	Number of simulations per cell.
power_threshold	Decision probability threshold for summary.
precision_target	Optional credible interval width target.
prob_threshold	Posterior probability threshold for decision rules.
effect_threshold	Effect-size threshold.
credible_level	Credible interval level (default 0.95).
rope_bounds	Optional Region of Practical Equivalence bounds (length 2 vector).
error_sd	Gaussian residual standard deviation.
group_sd	Random effects standard deviation.
obs_per_group	Observations per group.
predictor_means	Optional named list of predictor means.

predictor_sds	Optional named list of predictor standard deviations.
seed	Random seed.
inla_hyper	Optional INLA-specific hyperparameters.
compute_bayes_factor	Logical, compute Bayes Factor if TRUE.
bf_method	Character. "sd" = Savage-Dickey at 0 (requires proper Normal prior on the tested coefficient); "marglik" = marginal-likelihood Bayes factor via INLA by comparing full vs reduced model (slower).
bf_cutoff	Numeric Bayes-factor threshold for declaring a "hit" (default 10).
inla_num_threads	Character string specifying INLA threading (e.g., "4:1" for 4 threads). If NULL (default), automatically detects optimal setting: "4:1" for 4+ cores, "2:1" for 2-3 cores, "1:1" otherwise.
progress	One of "auto", "text", or "none" for progress display.
family_args	List of arguments for family-specific data generators.

Value

List with results, summary, and settings.

brms_inla_power_design

Design-based wrapper for Bayesian power / assurance

Description

Dispatches to one of the three engines depending on design. This function must accept ... and pass it on unchanged.

Usage

```
brms_inla_power_design(design = c("fixed", "two_stage", "sequential"), ...)
```

Arguments

design	Character scalar: "fixed", "two_stage", or "sequential".
...	Arguments passed on to the corresponding engine.

Value

Whatever the underlying engine returns.

brms_inla_power_parallel

Parallel wrapper for fixed-design Bayesian power / assurance simulations

Description

Parallelises over cells defined by sample_sizes x effect_grid for the fixed-n engine brms_inla_power().

Usage

```
brms_inla_power_parallel(
  design = c("fixed"),
  sample_sizes,
  effect_grid,
  nsims,
  n_cores = max(1L, parallel::detectCores() - 1L),
  seed = 123L,
  progress = c("auto", "text", "none"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

design	Character scalar. Currently only "fixed" is supported.
sample_sizes	Numeric vector of sample sizes (required).
effect_grid	Numeric vector or data frame defining effect scenarios (required).
nsims	Integer number of simulations per cell.
n_cores	Integer number of worker processes. Default is max(1L, parallel::detectCores() - 1L).
seed	Integer base seed. Each cell uses seed + cell_id.
progress	Logical or character; controls wrapper-level progress bar.
...	Further arguments passed directly to brms_inla_power(), such as formula, family, priors, effect_name, compute_bayes_factor, bf_method, inla_hyper, inla_num_threads, etc.

Value

A list with components summary, results, and settings.

`brms_inla_power_sequential`*Sequential Bayesian Assurance Simulation Engine (Modern, Multi-Effect Ready)*

Description

Simulates assurance sequentially in batches, stopping early per cell based on Wilson confidence intervals.

Usage

```
brms_inla_power_sequential(  
  formula,  
  family = gaussian(),  
  family_control = NULL,  
  Ntrials = NULL,  
  E = NULL,  
  scale = NULL,  
  priors = NULL,  
  data_generator = NULL,  
  effect_name,  
  effect_grid,  
  sample_sizes,  
  metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope", "bf"),  
  target = 0.8,  
  prob_threshold = 0.95,  
  effect_threshold = 0,  
  rope_bounds = NULL,  
  credible_level = 0.95,  
  compute_bayes_factor = FALSE,  
  error_sd = 1,  
  group_sd = 0.5,  
  obs_per_group = 10,  
  predictor_means = NULL,  
  predictor_sds = NULL,  
  seed = 1,  
  batch_size = 20,  
  min_sims = 40,  
  max_sims = 600,  
  ci_conf = 0.95,  
  margin = 0.02,  
  inla_num_threads = NULL,  
  family_args = list(),  
  progress = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>formula</code>	brms-style model formula.
<code>family</code>	GLM family (e.g., <code>gaussian()</code> , <code>binomial()</code>).
<code>family_control</code>	Optional list for INLA's <code>control.family</code> .
<code>Ntrials</code>	Optional vector of binomial trial counts (for binomial families).
<code>E</code>	Optional vector of exposures (for Poisson families).
<code>scale</code>	Optional numeric vector for scale parameter in INLA.
<code>priors</code>	brms prior specification object.
<code>data_generator</code>	Optional function(<code>n</code> , <code>effect</code>) to simulate data.
<code>effect_name</code>	Character vector of fixed effects to assess.
<code>effect_grid</code>	Data frame or vector of effect values.
<code>sample_sizes</code>	Vector of sample sizes.
<code>metric</code>	Character; one of "direction", "threshold", "rope", or "bf" for Bayesian decision metric.
<code>target</code>	Target assurance value for stopping.
<code>prob_threshold</code>	Posterior probability threshold for decision metrics.
<code>effect_threshold</code>	Effect-size threshold.
<code>rope_bounds</code>	Numeric length-2 vector defining ROPE.
<code>credible_level</code>	Credible interval level for Bayesian inference.
<code>compute_bayes_factor</code>	Logical; TRUE if metric is "bf".
<code>error_sd</code>	Residual standard deviation.
<code>group_sd</code>	Standard deviation of random effects.
<code>obs_per_group</code>	Number of observations per group.
<code>predictor_means</code>	Optional named list of predictor means.
<code>predictor_sds</code>	Optional named list of predictor standard deviations.
<code>seed</code>	Random seed.
<code>batch_size</code>	Number of simulations per sequential look.
<code>min_sims</code>	Minimum simulations before early stopping.
<code>max_sims</code>	Maximum simulations per cell.
<code>ci_conf</code>	Confidence level for Wilson confidence intervals.
<code>margin</code>	Margin around target for early stopping decision.
<code>inla_num_threads</code>	Character string specifying INLA threading (e.g., "4:1"). If NULL (default), automatically detects optimal setting based on CPU cores.
<code>family_args</code>	List of family-specific args passed to data generator.
<code>progress</code>	Logical; if TRUE, show progress messages.

Details

Sequential Bayesian Assurance Simulation Engine (Modern, Multi-Effect Ready)

Simulates assurance sequentially in batches, stopping early per cell based on Wilson confidence intervals.

Value

List containing summary per cell and simulation settings.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Sequential design with automatic threading
results <- brms_inla_power_sequential(
  formula = outcome ~ treatment,
  effect_name = "treatment",
  effect_grid = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.8),
  sample_sizes = c(50, 100, 200),
  metric = "direction",
  target = 0.80
)
print(results$summary)

## End(Not run)
```

brms_inla_power_two_stage

Two-Stage Bayesian Assurance Simulation (Multi-Effect, User-Friendly API)

Description

Runs a two-stage Bayesian assurance simulation with formula-based multi-effect grids and adaptive refinement.

Usage

```
brms_inla_power_two_stage(
  formula,
  effect_name,
  effect_grid,
  n_range,
  stage1_k_n = 8,
  stage1_nsims = 100,
  stage2_nsims = 400,
  refine_metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  refine_target = 0.8,
```

```

  prob_threshold = 0.95,
  effect_threshold = 0,
  obs_per_group = NULL,
  error_sd = NULL,
  group_sd = 0.5,
  band = 0.06,
  expand = 1L,
  inla_num_threads = NULL,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

<code>formula</code>	Model formula.
<code>effect_name</code>	Character vector of fixed effect names; must match formula terms.
<code>effect_grid</code>	Data frame with columns named by <code>effect_name</code> specifying effect values.
<code>n_range</code>	Numeric length-2 vector specifying sample size range.
<code>stage1_k_n</code>	Number of grid points in stage 1.
<code>stage1_nsims</code>	Number of simulations per cell in stage 1.
<code>stage2_nsims</code>	Number of simulations per cell in stage 2.
<code>refine_metric</code>	Metric used for refinement; one of "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
<code>refine_target</code>	Target assurance for refined cells.
<code>prob_threshold</code>	Posterior probability threshold for decision.
<code>effect_threshold</code>	Effect-size threshold for decision metric.
<code>obs_per_group</code>	Number of observations per group for grouping factors.
<code>error_sd</code>	Residual standard deviation.
<code>group_sd</code>	Standard deviation of random effects.
<code>band</code>	Numeric width of the target refinement band.
<code>expand</code>	Integer; how much to expand the refinement grid around candidates.
<code>inla_num_threads</code>	Character string specifying INLA threading (e.g., "4:1"). If NULL (default), automatically detects optimal setting based on CPU cores.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to internal functions.

Value

A list with combined simulation results, summary, and stage parameters.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Two-stage design with threading
effect_grid <- expand.grid(
  treatment = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.8),
  covariate = c(0.1, 0.3)
)
results <- brms_inla_power_two_stage(
  formula = outcome ~ treatment + covariate,
  effect_name = c("treatment", "covariate"),
  effect_grid = effect_grid,
  n_range = c(50, 200),
  stage1_nsims = 3,
  stage2_nsims = 3,
  error_sd = 1
)
print(results$summary)

## End(Not run)
```

decide_sample_size	<i>Decide recommended sample size from power/assurance results</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Returns the smallest n per effect setting that meets user-specified targets. Works with both `brms_inla_power()` and `brms_inla_power_sequential()` outputs.

Usage

```
decide_sample_size(
  x,
  direction = NULL,
  threshold = NULL,
  rope_in = NULL,
  bf10 = NULL,
  bf_prop_min = 0,
  targets = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A list with <code>\$summary</code> (engine output) or a <code>data.frame</code> summary itself.
<code>direction</code>	Numeric in $[0, 1]$, required power for <code>power_direction</code> (optional).
<code>threshold</code>	Numeric in $[0, 1]$, required power for <code>power_threshold</code> (optional).
<code>rope_in</code>	Numeric in $[0, 1]$, maximum allowed $\Pr(\text{in ROPE})$ (optional). Note: since summaries usually contain <code>power_rope = $\Pr(\text{outside ROPE}) \geq \text{prob_threshold}$</code> , we compare $(1 - \text{power_rope}) \leq \text{rope_in}$ when <code>rope_in</code> is given.

bf10	Numeric Bayes-factor cutoff (e.g., 10). If provided, we look for a column named bf_hit_<bf10>; if not found, we fall back to any bf_hit_* column present.
bf_prop_min	Numeric in [0, 1], the minimum proportion of simulations that must achieve BF >= bf10 (default 0).
targets	Optional list alternative to the direct args. Ignored if any direct arg is non-NULL.

Details

You can pass targets directly via arguments (direction, threshold, rope_in, bf10) or via targets = list(direction=..., threshold=..., rope_in=..., bf10=...). Direct arguments take precedence if supplied.

Value

A data.frame with recommended n per effect combination and the rationale.

hdi_of_icdf	<i>Highest Density Interval from an Inverse CDF</i>
-------------	---

Description

Computes an HDI of given mass from any distribution for which you have a quantile function (inverse CDF).

Usage

```
hdi_of_icdf(qfun, width = 0.95, tol = 1e-08, ...)
```

Arguments

qfun	Quantile function, e.g., qbeta, qnorm, ...
width	Desired HDI mass (e.g., 0.95).
tol	Optimizer tolerance.
...	Additional arguments passed to qfun.

Value

Named numeric vector with elements ll and ul.

min_n_beta_binom	<i>Minimum n for Target Assurance (Beta-Binomial)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Minimum n for Target Assurance (Beta-Binomial)

Usage

```
min_n_beta_binom(
  gen_prior_mode,
  gen_prior_n,
  desired_power,
  aud_prior_mode = 0.5,
  aud_prior_n = 2,
  hdi_mass = 0.95,
  rope = NULL,
  hdi_max_width = NULL,
  n_start = 20,
  n_max = 1e+05,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gen_prior_mode	Generating prior mode in (0,1).
gen_prior_n	Generating prior concentration (≥ 2).
desired_power	Target assurance value in (0,1).
aud_prior_mode	Audience prior mode in (0,1).
aud_prior_n	Audience prior concentration (≥ 2).
hdi_mass	HDI mass (e.g., 0.95).
rope	Length-2 numeric vector for ROPE bounds, or NULL for max-width rule.
hdi_max_width	Positive width threshold for the HDI (used if rope=NULL).
n_start	Starting sample size for search.
n_max	Maximum sample size to try.
verbose	If TRUE, prints progress.

Value

Smallest n meeting the target assurance.

plot_assurance_with_robustness

Plot Assurance with Robustness Ribbon (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)

Description

Compares assurance results from multiple scenarios by showing the range ("ribbon") of values across scenarios for each sample size and effect grid variable.

Usage

```
plot_assurance_with_robustness(
  power_results_list,
  metric = c("precision", "direction", "threshold", "bf"),
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  precision_target = NULL,
  p_star = 0.95,
  bf_threshold = 10,
  effect_filters = NULL,
  effect_weights = NULL,
  show_individual_scenarios = FALSE,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results_list	Named list of results objects from <code>brms_inla_power</code> or sequential/two-stage variants.
metric	Which assurance metric to compute: "precision", "direction", "threshold", or "bf".
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first detected grid column).
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
precision_target	CI width target if metric="precision".
p_star	Posterior probability threshold for "direction"/"threshold".
bf_threshold	BF10 threshold for "bf".
effect_filters	Optional named list for filtering rows (e.g. <code>list(treatment=0)</code>).
effect_weights	Optional named numeric vector for averaging over grid values.
show_individual_scenarios	Logical; if TRUE, overlay each scenario's curve.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_bf_assurance_curve

Bayes-factor assurance curve (user-facing wrapper)

Description

This is the main function users should call to visualise Bayes-factor "power" / assurance. It is a thin wrapper around `plot_bf_assurance_curve_smooth()`, so all existing behaviour is preserved.

Usage

```
plot_bf_assurance_curve(power_results, bf_threshold = 10, effect_filter = NULL)
```

Arguments

`power_results` Output from a `brms_inla_power*` function (or a `data.frame` with columns `n`, `bf10` and any effect columns).

`bf_threshold` Numeric Bayes factor cutoff (default 10).

`effect_filter` Optional named list to filter effect-grid columns, e.g. `list(treatment = 0.3)`.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_bf_assurance_curve_smooth

Bayes-factor assurance curve with Wilson CIs (multi-effect grid friendly)

Description

Plots the proportion of simulations in which BF10 meets or exceeds a threshold, grouped by sample size and any effect grid variables.

Usage

```
plot_bf_assurance_curve_smooth(x, cutoff = 10, effect_filter = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	Engine result (list with \$results) or a data.frame with at least columns n, bf10 and any effect columns (e.g., treatment).
cutoff	Numeric Bayes factor threshold for a "hit" (default 10).
effect_filter	Optional named list to filter effects, e.g. list(treatment = 0.6).

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_bf_expected_evidence

Plot Expected Evidence (mean log10 BF10, Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)

Description

Plots the average log10 BF10 against any effect grid variable, grouped/faceted.

Usage

```
plot_bf_expected_evidence(
  power_results,
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  n = NULL,
  agg_fun = mean,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results	Simulation results from a brms_inla_power* function with compute_bayes_factor = TRUE.
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).
facet_by	Optional grid column(s) to facet by (default: NULL).
n	Optional sample size to filter to (NULL means plot all; else one curve per grid/facet).
agg_fun	Aggregation function if >1 entries per cell (default: mean).
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_bf_heatmap	<i>Plot Bayes Factor Heatmap (mean log10 BF10, Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Heatmap of mean log10 BF10 as a function of two effect grid columns (x/y), with optional faceting.

Usage

```
plot_bf_heatmap(
  power_results,
  x_effect = NULL,
  y_effect = "n",
  facet_by = NULL,
  n = NULL,
  agg_fun = mean,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results	Simulation results from a brms_inla_power* function with compute_bayes_factor = TRUE.
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).
y_effect	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default: "n").
facet_by	Optional column(s) to facet by.
n	Optional sample size to filter to (NULL means plot all; else show only that n).
agg_fun	Aggregation function (default: mean).
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

ggplot object.

plot_decision_assurance_curve

Plot Decision Assurance Curve (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)

Description

Plots the assurance (proportion of simulation runs meeting a posterior probability decision rule) versus an effect grid variable, for a given metric ("direction", "threshold", or "rope") at a fixed decision probability threshold p_{star} .

Usage

```
plot_decision_assurance_curve(
  power_results,
  metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  p_star = 0.95,
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  effect_filters = NULL,
  effect_weights = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results	A list returned by <code>brms_inla_power*</code> .
metric	Decision metric: "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
p_star	Numeric decision threshold in (0,1).
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
effect_filters	Optional named list for filtering rows, e.g. <code>list(treatment=0)</code> .
effect_weights	Optional named numeric vector of weights for selected <code>x_effect</code> values.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_decision_threshold_contour

Plot Decision Threshold Contour (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)

Description

Shows assurance as a function of decision threshold p^* and one effect grid column, optionally faceted.

Usage

```
plot_decision_threshold_contour(
  power_results,
  metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  p_star_grid = seq(0.5, 0.99, by = 0.01),
  effect_var = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  effect_value = NULL,
  effect_weights = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results	brms_inla_power list (or two-stage, etc.)
metric	Which metric: "direction", "threshold", "rope"
p_star_grid	Numeric vector of decision thresholds (default: 0.5 to 0.99 by 0.01)
effect_var	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default: first detected grid column)
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by
effect_value	Optional value(s) to filter for effect_var, or named list for multi-filter
effect_weights	Optional weights for aggregation (named by effect_var values)
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

ggplot2 object.

plot_interaction_surface

Plot Interaction Assurance Surface/Heatmap/Lines (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)

Description

Visualizes a metric (e.g., assurance) as a function of two effect grid variables for a fixed sample size or averaged over n. Allows line, heatmap, or contour modes.

Usage

```
plot_interaction_surface(
  data,
  metric,
  effect1,
  effect2,
  n = NULL,
  line = FALSE,
  facet_by = NULL,
  agg_fun = mean,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame (typically power_results\$summary).
metric	Name of the summary column to plot, e.g. "power_direction", "power_threshold".
effect1	Name of effect grid column for x-axis.
effect2	Name of effect grid column for y-axis or color/facets.
n	Optional sample size to filter to (else averages/plots all n's).
line	Logical; if TRUE, make a lineplot (effect1 on x, one line for each effect2). If FALSE, make a heatmap or contour.
facet_by	Optional grid column(s) to facet by.
agg_fun	Aggregation function if multiple entries per cell (default = mean).
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_power_contour	<i>Draw a filled contour plot of assurance for a chosen metric, as a function of two effect grid columns and sample size.</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Draw a filled contour plot of assurance for a chosen metric, as a function of two effect grid columns and sample size.

Usage

```
plot_power_contour(
  power_results,
  power_metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  x_effect = NULL,
  y_effect = "n",
  facet_by = NULL,
  power_threshold = 0.8,
  show_threshold_line = TRUE,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results	Output from a brms_inla_power function.
power_metric	Which metric to plot: "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default = first effect).
y_effect	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default = "n").
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
power_threshold	Optional contour line for assurance (default 0.8).
show_threshold_line	Logical; add a red contour at power_threshold.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_power_heatmap	<i>Plot Bayesian Power / Assurance Heatmap (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Heatmap of assurance for a chosen metric across two selected effect grid variables and sample sizes.

Usage

```
plot_power_heatmap(
  power_results,
  power_metric = c("direction", "threshold", "rope"),
  x_effect = NULL,
  y_effect = "n",
  facet_by = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

power_results	Output from a brms_inla_power function.
power_metric	Which metric to plot: "direction", "threshold", or "rope".
x_effect	Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default = first effect).
y_effect	Name of effect grid column for y-axis (default = "n").
facet_by	Optional effect grid column(s) to facet by.
title, subtitle	Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

plot_precision_assurance_curve	<i>Plot Precision Assurance Curve (Multi-Effect Grid Friendly)</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Plots the assurance (proportion of runs meeting CI width $\leq$ target) vs. a chosen effect grid variable across sample size(s). Supports faceting, effect filtering, and weights.

Usage

```
plot_precision_assurance_curve(
  power_results,
  precision_target,
  x_effect = NULL,
  facet_by = NULL,
  effect_filters = NULL,
  effect_weights = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`power_results` List returned by `brms_inla_power*`.

`precision_target` Numeric; credible interval width threshold for success.

`x_effect` Name of effect grid column for x-axis (default: first grid column).

`facet_by` Optional effect grid column(s) for faceting.

`effect_filters` Optional named list for filtering rows, e.g. `list(treatment=0)`.

`effect_weights` Optional named numeric vector for weights over selected `x_effect` values.

`title, subtitle` Optional plot labels.

Value

A ggplot object.

`plot_precision_fan_chart`

Precision assurance as a function of sample size

Description

Plots the proportion of simulations in which the posterior credible interval width is less than or equal to a target, as a function of sample size n . Optionally colours separate curves by an effect-grid variable.

Usage

```
plot_precision_fan_chart(
  power_results,
  ci_width_target,
  effect_filter = NULL,
  colour_by = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>power_results</code>	Output from a <code>brms_inla_power*</code> function, or a <code>data.frame</code> with at least columns <code>n</code> and <code>ci_width</code> , plus any effect-grid columns (e.g. <code>treatment</code> , <code>age_effect</code>).
<code>ci_width_target</code>	Numeric, target width for the credible interval. Assurance is defined as $\Pr(\text{ci_width} \leq \text{ci_width_target})$.
<code>effect_filter</code>	Optional named list for filtering effect-grid columns, e.g. <code>list(treatment = 0.3)</code> .
<code>colour_by</code>	Optional name of an effect-grid column to colour separate curves by. If <code>NULL</code> , only <code>n</code> is used.
<code>title, subtitle</code>	Optional plot labels.

Details

This implementation works directly from the per-simulation results (column `ci_width`) and does not rely on the robustness engine.

Value

A `ggplot` object.

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